

FINANCIAL REPORT WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended March 31, 2005

AUDITING PRO								
Local Government Ty	8, as amend	led. Filing is ma	ndatory.					
City Township		Other	Local Government Village of Va			Co	ounty	
Audit Date		Opinion Date	Tinago or Te	Date Accountant I	Report Submit	ted to State	Otsego	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
March 31, 2005	Į.	May 16, 20	005	September 2	6 2005			
We have audited the prepared in accorda Reporting Format to Department of Treas	or Financia	ne oraiemen	IS OF THE GOVER	of government ar	nd rendered	do Desert	(O & O D)	1 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
We affirm that:								
1. We have complie	d with the	Bulletin for th	ne Audits of Loc	al Units of Goven	nment in Mic	chigan as	revised.	
2. We are certified p	oublic acco	untants regis	stered to practic	e in Michigan.				
We further affirm the the report of commer	following. nts and red	Yes" respon commendatio	nses have beer ins	disclosed in the	financial sta	ntements,	including t	the notes, or in
You must check the	applicable	box for each	item below.					
☐ yes ☒ no 1.	Certain co	omponent uni	its/funds/agenci	es of the local un	it are exclud	led from t	he financia	al statements.
☐ yes ☒ no 2.	There are earnings (accumulated (P.A. 275 of 1	d deficits in one 1980).	or more of this u	nit's unreser	ved fund	balances/r	retained
☐ yes ☒ no 3.	There are 1968, as a	instances of amended).	non-complianc	e with the Uniforn	n Accountin	g and Bud	lgeting Ac	(P.A. 2 of
☐ yes ☒ no 4.	es 🗵 no 4. The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its requirements, or an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act.							
□ yes 図 no 5.	The local	unit holds de	posits/investme	nts which do not a P.A. 55 of 1982,	comply with	statutory	requireme	ents. (P.A. 20
⊥ yes ⊠ no 6.				ributing tax reven				her taxing
•	and the ov	nsion benefit:	s (normai costs) edits are more tl	utional requireme in the current ye nan the normal co	ar if the old	an ie more	than 100	0/ fundad
□ yes ⊠ no 8.	The local u 1995 (MCL	unit uses cred _ 129.241).	lit cards and ha	s not adopted an	applicable p	oolicy as r	equired by	P.A. 266 of
□ yes ⊠ no 9. ⁻	The local u	ınit has not a	dopted an inves	stment policy as r	equired by F	P.A. 196 o	f 1997 (M	CL 129.95).
We have enclosed					Enclos		To Be rwarded	Not Required
The letter of commen	nts and rec	ommendatio	ns.		×			
Reports on individual	federal fin	nancial assist	ance programs	(program audits)				x
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).								
Certified Public Account Campbell, Kustere	ant (Firm Na	me)						
Street Address 512 N. Lincoln, Sui				City Bay C		State Mi	Zip 4870	7
capuntant Signature COUNDOIL KUNTEREN ; CO. P.C.								

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
	Independent Auditors' Report	<u> </u>
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	2-4
_	Basic Financial Statements:	2-4
	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
•	Government-wide Statement of Net Assets	5
	Government-wide Statement of Activities	6
•	Fund Financial Statements:	ŭ
	Governmental Funds:	
•	Balance Sheet	7
,	Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets	8
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	9
	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	10
	Statement of Net Assets – Internal Service Fund Reported in Governmental Activities	11
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets – Internal Service Fund Reported in Governmental Activities	12
	Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Fund Reported in Governmental Activities	13
	Notes to Financial Statements	14-18
	Required Supplemental Information:	
	Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	19
	Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Major Street Fund	20
	Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Local Street Fund	21
	Other supporting information:	
	General Fund Expenditures by Detailed Account	22
	Combining Balance Sheet - All Special Revenue Funds	23
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – All Special Revenue Funds	24

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MARK J. CAMPBELL, CPA KENNETH P. KUSTERER, CPA

512 N. LINCOLN AVE. - SUITE 100 P.O. BOX 686 BAY CITY, MICHIGAN 48707

TEL (989) 894-1040 FAX (989) 894-5494

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

May 16, 2005

To the Village Council Village of Vanderbilt Otsego County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Village of Vanderbilt, Otsego County, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Village of Vanderbilt's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Village of Vanderbilt, Otsego County, Michigan as of March 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position fhereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1, the Village has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, as of April 1, 2004.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Village's basic financial statements. The other supporting information described in the accompanying table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, it is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Campbell, Kusterer: Co., P.C.

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the year ended March 31, 2005

We are providing this letter in connection with your audit of the financial statements of the Village of Vanderbilt as of March 31, 2005.

We have made available to you all financial records and related data, and all relevant monitoring reports if any received from funding sources. In addition, copies of the minutes of the meetings of the Vanderbilt Village Council have been provided for you, as well as all budgets, amended budgets, and financial statements provided to the Village Council. The financial statements properly classify all funds and activities.

The Village of Vanderbilt has satisfactory title to all owned assets; there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets nor has any asset been pledged as collateral.

There have been no violations of budget ordinance laws including those pertaining to adopting and amending budgets. All necessary public hearings have been properly noticed and held. The minutes of these hearings are

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Net assets as of March 31, 2005, totaled \$587,331.14 for governmental activities. Revenues were \$133,926.58 for general government purposes, \$53,321.22 for major streets, and \$34,194.08 for local streets. Our equipment fund revenues were \$41,390.20. General activities showed a slight decrease in funds; however, both major and local streets showed an increase for 2004-05.

Our taxable value was \$8,678,207.00, which was an increase over the previous year.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two different kinds of statements that present different views of the Village and the notes to the financial statements.

The first two statements are entity-wide financial statements and provide both long and short-term information about our overall financial status. These statements present governmental activities.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements, which focus on individual parts of the Village in more detail.

The notes to the financial statements explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statement information with budgetary comparisons.

ENTITY-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The entity-wide statements report information about the Village as a whole using accounting methods used by private companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the Village's assets and liabilities. The statement of activities records all of the current year revenues and expenses regardless of when received or paid.

The two entity-wide statements report net assets and how they have changed. Net assets are the difference between the entity's assets and liabilities and this is one method to measure the entity's financial health or position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the year ended March 31, 2005

ENTITY-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Over time increases/decreases in the entity's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating.

To assess overall health of the entity you may also have to consider additional factors such as tax base changes, facility conditions and personnel changes.

All of the activities of the Village are reported as governmental activities. This includes the General Fund, Major Street Fund, Local Street Fund and the net effect of the Equipment Fund.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Village's funds, focusing on significant (major) funds not the Village as a whole. Funds are used to account for specific activities or funding sources. Some funds are required by law or bond covenants. The Village Council also may create them. Funds are established to account for funding and spending of specific financial resources and to show proper expenditures of those resources.

The Village has the following types of funds:

Governmental funds: All of the Village's activities are included in the governmental category. These funds are presented on the modified accrual basis, which is designed to show short-term financial information. You will note that the differences between the Village's entity-wide statements and the fund statements are disclosed in reconciling statements to explain the differences between them. The Village's governmental activities include the General Fund, Major Street Fund, Local Street Fund, and the net effect of the Equipment Fund.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE AS A WHOLE

Our Cash position in governmental activities remains strong. As of March 31, 2005, we have no external debt.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005, the Village resurfaced Old 27 (Mill) from the south Village limits to the MDOT bridge at a cost of \$56,000.00. This money came from the Major Street fund (gas and weights monies). During fiscal 2005-06 the balance of Old 27 will be resurfaced using street funds. This will be part of a cooperative endeavor to upgrade Old 27 within the boundaries of Corwith Township. The Otsego County Economic Alliance assisted the Township in securing a grant, with the County Road Commission and the Village pledging their funds to \$130,000.00 towards the community match. The Village will provide \$30,000.00 of this match which will cover the cost of resurfacing the remainder of Old 27 which is in the Village limits. This project along with an MDOT bridge project are to be complete by November 1, 2005.

The Village continues to try to improve the quality of life in the Village in order to encourage realtors to promote the Village more aggressively. There are a number of affordable housing units available in the Village.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

Our General fund covers expense for our public works services including street lights, park maintenance, operation and maintenance of the Village hall, the cost of operating general government (including wages), payment of taxes and insurance, health insurance for full-time employees, and employee retirement contribution. The cost of items covered by this fund was \$145,603.19 for year 2004-05.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the year ended March 31, 2005

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS (continued)

Road construction, upgrade, and maintenance is covered by our street funds – major and local. The total cost of major street care for the year was \$81,111.72. Local street care was \$25,868.86. Snow removal which is a significant expense in northern Michigan is also covered by street funds.

Our Equipment fund provided funds for the purchase of a new truck, depreciation, and vehicle maintenance.

CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

The Village's governmental activities invested \$5,157.83 in capital assets.

The Village has no long-term debt liability.

KNOWN FACTORS AFFECTING FUTURE OPERATIONS

The future of state revenue sharing is again a matter of concern. Each year, revenue sharing is targeted for cuts by the state government budget committee. This is very important to the Village as revenue sharing provides approximately 45% of our General fund.

Our taxable value increased only slightly in 2004-05, after a year of being the only area in Otsego County showing a decline in property values. Lack of sewer and water systems have impeded growth. The Village is actively pursuing a USDA (RDA) grant for a sewer system. Other grants will be sought, and information on bonding is being obtained.

Although we are a relatively small Village with a population of 587 (2000 census), we feel we have made improvement in our management of the Village. Our ordinances are up to date. Our bills are current and are paid promptly. All tax obligations are paid as required by law.

A change in Clerk and Treasurer has resulted in improved record keeping, and general information available to taxpayers. Both individuals were new to government methods. They attend seminars pertaining to their work area as available. We have been able to maintain a system of check and balances; both positions are closely monitored by the Village President.

We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud affecting the entity, including both management and employees. To our knowledge there have been no related party transactions.

CONTACTING THE VILLAGE'S MANAGEMENT

Our financial records are available to our taxpayers, creditors, and investors and available as requested, and provide a general overview of our finances. They demonstrate the Village's accountability for the revenues it receives. If you have any questions concerning this report please contact the Village President, Clerk, or Treasurer at (989) 983-4244 Monday through Friday from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS March 31, 2005

_	ASSETS:	GovernmentalActivities
	CURRENT ASSETS:	
_	Cash in bank	
	Taxes receivable	424 470 88
	Due from State of Michigan	3 949 23
		<u> 12 606 14</u>
	Total Current Assets	444.000.00
	New comments	<u>441 026 25</u>
	NON-CURRENT ASSETS:	
	Capital Assets	464 730 31
	Less: Accumulated Depreciation	
	Total Name	(317 025 67)
	Total Non-current Assets	147 704 64
	TOTAL ASSETS	147 704 64
	TOTAL AGGETS	588 730 89
_	LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:	
	LIABILITIES: CURRENT LIABILITIES:	
,,,,,,	Accounts payable	1 399 75
	Total Current Liabilities	<u> </u>
	Total Current Liabnities	1 399 75
_	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	. 000 70
	MON CONTENT LIABILITIES	•
	Total Non-current Liabilities	
_	The same of the sa	
	Total Liabilities	
		1 399 75
	NET ASSETS:	
_	Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	
	Unrestricted Dept	147 704 64
		439 626 50
_	Total Net Assets	707 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
	TOTAL LIABULTURA	587 331 14
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	E90 700 00
		588 730 89

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended March 31, 2005

		Program Revenue	Governmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental Activities:	Expenses	Charges for Services	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Other	46 444 10 33 222 00 128 539 56 12 501 00 19 742 65	1 400 00 - - - -	(45 044 10) (33 222 00) (128 539 56) (12 501 00) (19 742 65)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>240 449 31</u>	1 400 00	(239 049 31)
General Revenues: Property taxes State revenue sharing Interest Miscellaneous Total General Revenues			77 882 29 132 092 79 4 640 87 5 425 93
Change in net assets			(19 007 43)
Net assets, beginning of year Net Assets, End of Year			606 338 57 587 331 14

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS March 31, 2005

_	<u>Assets</u>	General	<u>Major Street</u>	Local Street	Total
_	Cash in bank Taxes receivable Due from State of Michigan	79 792 00 3 949 23	128 134 68 - 8 735 60	49 176 70 - 3 870 54	257 103 38 3 949 23 12 606 14
_	Total Assets	<u>83 741 23</u>	136 870 28	53 047 24	273 658 75
_	Liabilities and Fund Equity Liabilities: Accounts payable Total liabilities Fund equity: Fund balances:	1 399 75 1 399 75	<u>-</u>		<u>1 399 75</u> <u>1 399 75</u>
_	Unreserved: Undesignated Total fund equity Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	82 341 48 82 341 48 83 741 23	136 870 28 136 870 28 136 870 28	53 047 24 53 047 24 53 047 24	272 259 00 272 259 00 273 658 75

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS March 31, 2005

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

272 259 00

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because -

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet:

> Capital assets at cost Accumulated depreciation

204 194 54 (11009976)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of

Net Assets

220 977 36

TOTAL NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

587 331 14

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year ended March 31, 2005

Revenues:	General	Major Street	Local Street	Total
Property taxes	69 314 29			
State revenue sharing	56 462 00	- 50 778 73	8 568 00	77 882 29
Interest	1 324 36		24 852 06	132 092 79
Rent	1 400 00	2 542 49	774 02	4 640 87
Miscellaneous	5 425 93		-	1 400 00 5 425 93
Total revenues	133 926 58	53 321 22	34 194 08	
Expenditures:			<u> </u>	221 441 88
General government:				
General government	35 102 56	_		
Building and grounds	7 055 55	_	-	35 102 56
Public safety:		-	-	7 055 55
Fire protection	33 222 00	_		
Public works:		_	-	33 222 00
Highways and streets	38 738 89	81 111 72	05 000 00	
Culture and recreation:		01 111 72	25 868 86	145 719 47
Parks and recreation	6 583 71			
Other:	0 000 / /	-	-	6 583 71
Other functions	19 742 65	_		
Capital outlay	5 157 83	_	-	19 742 65
-	<u> </u>		-	<u>5 157 83</u>
Total expenditures	145 603 19	81 111 72	<u>25 868 86</u>	252 502 77
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				<u>252 583 77</u>
over expenditures	(11 676 04)	(0) = 0 c = 0		
·	(11 676 61)	(27 790 50)	8 325 22	(31 141 89)
Fund balances, April 1	94 018 09	164 660 78	44 722 02	202 400 00
Fund Balances, March 31	<u>82 341 48</u>		17 122 02	303 400 89

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended March 31, 2005

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(31 141 89)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation

> **Depreciation Expense** Capital Outlay

 $(10\ 203\ 28)$

5 157 83

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of equipment services to individual funds. Net revenue of \$17,179.91 of the internal service fund is reported within governmental activities.

<u>17 179 91</u>

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

 $(19\ 007\ 43)$

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND REPORTED IN GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES March 31, 2005

-	ASSETS:	Total (Equipment Fund)
<u></u>	CURRENT ASSETS: Cash in bank Total Current Assets	<u>167 367 50</u>
_	NON-CURRENT ASSETS: Capital Assets Less: Accumulated Depreciation	<u>167 367 50</u> 260 535 77
-	Total Non-current Assets TOTAL ASSETS	(206 925 91) 53 609 86
<u>jara.</u>	LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:	220 977 36
-	LIABILITIES: CURRENT LIABILITIES	
•	Total Liabilities NET ASSETS: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	
.	Unrestricted Total Net Assets	53 609 86 167 367 50
-	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	220 977 36 220 977 36

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS – INTERNAL SERVICE FUND REPORTED IN GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Year ended March 31, 2005

_		
	OPERATING REVENUES:	Total <u>(Equipment Fund)</u>
_	Charges for services	39 207 05
	Total Operating Revenues	39 207 05
-	OPERATING EXPENSES: Supplies	<u> </u>
	Repairs and maintenance	5 341 10
,	Total Operating Expenses	2 828 14
		<u>8 169 24</u>
-	Operating Income (loss) before depreciation Less: depreciation	31 037 81 (16 041 05)
	Operating income (loss)	
_	NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Interest income	.100070
	Total Nan anautics =	<u>2 183 15</u>
	Total Non-operating Expenses	2 183 15
	Change in net assets	
_	Net assets, beginning of year	17 179 91
		203 797 45
	Net Assets, End of Year	220 977 36
~		220 9/1 30

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND REPORTED IN GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Year ended March 31, 2005

_	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Total <u>(Equipment Fund)</u>
_	Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	39 207 05 (8 169 24)
	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	31 037 81
	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest income	
	Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	2 183 15 2 183 15
	Net increase (decrease) in cash	33 220 96
na.	Cash beginning of year	134 146 54
	Cash End of Year	167 367 50
•	RECONCILIATION OF INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	10 00 00
.	Income (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	14 996 76
ı.	Depreciation	16 041 05
	Net Cash Provided (Used) in Operating Activities	16 041 05 31 037 81

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Village of Vanderbilt, Otsego County, Michigan, conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units.

Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the Village contain all the Village funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Village's executive or legislative branches.

The reporting entity is the Village of Vanderbilt. The Village is governed by an elected Village Council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Village as the primary government.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, (the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All the Village's government-wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenue.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, restricted resources are applied first.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The proprietary fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund type operating statement presents revenues and expenses in net total assets. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by the proprietary fund type. Under this basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the related liability is incurred.

Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The fund includes the general operating expenditures of the local unit. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, state and federal distributions, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for specific governmental revenues requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

Proprietary Fund

Internal Service Fund

This fund is used to record the financing of goods or services provided by the local unit to other departments and funds or to other governmental units on a cost reimbursement basis.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Bank deposits and investments – Cash and cash equivalent investments include cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables

Receivables have been recognized for all significant amounts due to the Village. Allowances for uncollectible accounts have not been provided for in that collection is not considered doubtful and any uncollected amount would be immaterial.

Inventories

All purchases of materials are reflected in expenses when paid in all funds.

Property Taxes

Property taxes and other revenue that are both measurable and available for use to finance operations are recorded as revenue when earned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Property Taxes (continued)

Properties are assessed as of December 31 and the related property taxes become a lien on July 1 of the following year. These taxes are due on September 15 before they are added to the county tax rolls. The 2004 tax roll millage rate was 8.7874 mills, and the taxable value was \$8,678,207.00.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances involving the current recognition of purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for future expenditures are not recorded.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial cost of more than \$500.00 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings, additions and improvements Furniture and equipment

20-40 years 5-25 years

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)

Employees are not allowed to accumulate vacation and sick pay.

Post-employment Benefits

The Village provides no post-employment benefits to past employees.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Accounting Change

Effective April 1, 2004, the Village implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments* (GASB No. 34). Changes to the Village's financial statements as a result of GASB No. 34 are as follows:

A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing analysis of the Village's overall financial position and results of operations has been included.

Government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities) prepared using the full accrual accounting for all the Village's activities have been provided.

Capital assets in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Assets include net assets totaling \$147,704.64.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2005

Note 2 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the proposed budget for each budgetary fund is submitted to the Village Council for consideration.
- The proposed budgets include expenditures as well as the methods of financing them.
- 3. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- The budgets are adopted at the activity level by a majority vote of the Village Council.
- 5. The budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The originally adopted budgets can be amended during the year only by a majority vote of the Village Council.
- The adopted budgets are used as a management control device during the year for all budgetary funds.
- 8. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- The budgeted amounts shown in these financial statements are the originally adopted budgets with all amendments that were approved by the Village Council during the fiscal year.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Village to deposit and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; banker's acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. Financial institutions eligible for deposit of public funds must maintain an office in Michigan.

The Village Council has designated one bank for the deposit of Village funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in all investments authorized by state law as listed above.

The Village's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3, risk disclosures for the cash deposits are as follows:

Carrying <u>Amounts</u>
424 470 88

Total Deposits

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2005

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Amounts in the bank balances are without considering deposits in transit or uncleared checks.

	Bank <u>Balances</u>
Insured (FDIC) Uninsured and Uncollateralized	125 266 63
Total Deposits	301 223 28
·	<u>426 489 91</u>

The Village of Vanderbilt did not have any investments as of March 31, 2005.

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the Village's Governmental activities for the current year was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Balance 4/1/04	Additions	Deletions	Balance 3/31/05
Land Buildings Equipment	2 151 00 119 961 46 337 460 02	2 904 00 2 253 83		2 151 00 122 865 46 339 713 85
Total	459 572 48	5 157 83	•	464 730 31
Accumulated Depreciation	(290 781 34)	(26 244 33)		(317 025 67)
Net Capital Assets	<u>168 791 14</u>	(21 086 50)		<u> 147 704 64</u>

Note 5 - Pension Plan

The Village has a defined contribution pension plan covering the Village's full-time employees. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005, the Village paid \$1,000.00 into the pension plan.

Note 6 - Deferred Compensation Plan

The Village does not have a deferred compensation plan.

Note 7 - Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors, omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation). The Village has purchased commercial insurance for property loss, torts and workers' compensation claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 8 - Building Permits

The Village of Vanderbilt does not issue building permits. Building permits are issued by the County of Otsego.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND Year ended March 31, 2005

Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
Property taxes	76 202 00	76 202 00	69 314 29	/6 007 74\
State revenue sharing	56 500 00	56 500 00	56 462 00	(6 887 71)
Interest	1 800 00	1 800 00	1 324 36	(38 00)
Rent	-		1 400 00	(475 64)
Miscellaneous	6 000 00	6 000 00	<u> </u>	1 400 00 (574 07)
Total revenues	140 502 00	140 502 00	133 926 58	(6 575 42)
Expenditures:				13.7
General government:				
General government	50 259 30	50 259 30	25 400 50	
Building and grounds	8 500 00	8 507 39	35 102 56	(15 156 74)
Public safety:		0 307 39	7 055 55	(1 451 84)
Fire protection Public works:	33 400 00	33 400 00	33 222 00	(178 00)
Highways and streets Culture and recreation:	43 620 00	43 620 00	38 738 89	(4 881 11)
Parks and recreation Other:	10 800 00	10 800 00	6 583 71	(4 216 29)
Other functions	20 800 00	20 792 61	40.740.05	,
Capital outlay	5 500 00	5 500 00	19 742 65	(1 049 96)
T-1-1		3 300 00	<u>5 157 83</u>	(342 17)
Total expenditures	<u>172 879 30</u>	172 879 30	145 603 19	(27 276 11)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				<u></u>
over expenditures	(32 377 30)	(32 377 30)	(11 676 61)	20 700 69
Fund balance, April 1	<u>32 377 30</u>	32 377 30	94 018 09	61 640 79
⁼ und Balance, March 31	-	<u> </u>	82 341 48	<u>82 341 48</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR STREET FUND Year ended March 31, 2005

Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
State revenue sharing Interest	46 000 00 2 700 00	46 000 00 2 700 00	50 778 73 2 542 49	4 778 73 (157 51)
Total revenues	48 700 00	48 700 00	53 321 22	4 621 22
Expenditures: Public works: Highways and streets	02 620 00	00.000.00		
	92 620 00	92 620 00	<u>81 111 72</u>	(11 508 28)
Total expenditures	92 620 00	92 620 00	<u>81 111 72</u>	(11 508 28)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(43 920 00)	(43 920 00)	(27 790 50)	16 129 50
Fund balance, April 1	43 920 00	43 920 00	164 660 78	120 740 78
Fund Balance, March 31		-	<u>136 870 28</u>	136 870 28

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - LOCAL STREET FUND Year ended March 31, 2005

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:			7.10(001	(Olidel)
Property taxes	8 589 30	8 589 30	8 568 00	(21 30)
State revenue sharing	20 700 00	20 700 00	24 852 06	4 152 06
Interest	<u>750 00</u>	<u>750 00</u>	774 02	24 02
Total revenues	30 039 30	30 039 30	34 194 08	4 154 78
Expenditures: Public works:				
Highways and streets	40 920 00	40 920 00	25 868 86	(15 051 14)
Total expenditures	40 920 00	40 920 00	25 868 86	(15 051 14)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(10 880 70)	(10 880 70)	8 325 22	19 205 92
Fund balance, April 1	10 880 70	10 880 70	44 722 02	33 841 32
Fund Balance, March 31	-	-	53 047 24	53 047 24

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY DETAILED ACCOUNT Year ended March 31, 2005

	General government:	
	Village Council:	
_	Wages	5 100 00
	Office supplies	2 431 99
	Printing and publishing	1 293 00
	Professional services	7 425 05
	Community promotion	
	Memberships and dues	244 13
	President:	1 106 50
_	Wages	1 000 00
	Miscellaneous	1 920 00
	Elections:	273 00
	Miscellaneous	4.47 00
	Clerk:	147 00
	Wages	77.00 0.00
	Miscellaneous	7 000 04
_	Treasurer:	139 25
	Salary	
	Miscellaneous	4 250 05
	Planning Commission	227 90
_	Zoning Administrator	2 744 65
		800 00
	Building and grounds:	35 102 56
	Supplies	
	Telephone	379 64
	Utilities	1 759 47
	Repairs and maintenance	4 653 49
_	Miscellaneous	28 00
		234 95
	Fire protection:	7 055 55
	Vanderbilt/Corwith Fire Department	
_	Tanada Contratt no Department	33 222 00
	Highways and streets:	
	Public works:	
_	Wages	
*	Pension	13 762 50
	Hospital insurance	1 000 00
	Contracted services – sanitation	4 762 92
_	Equipment rental	3 855 00
	Street lighting	6 440 44
	on our lighting	<u>8 918 03</u>
_	Parks and recreation:	38 738 89
_	Wages	
	Operating supplies	2 008 75
	Utilities	1 246 35
_	Equipment rental	577 12
	Equipment rental	2 751 49
	Other functions:	6 583 71
_	Insurance	
	Payroll taxes	15 927 00
	1 dyron taxes	<u>3 815 65</u>
		19 742 65
_	Capital outlay	
	Tapital Juliay	<u>5 157 83</u>
	Total Expenditures	
		<u>145 603 19</u>
	22	-

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS March 31, 2005

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Major Street</u>	Local Street	Total
Cash in bank Due from State of Michigan	128 134 68 8 735 60	49 176 70 3 870 54	177 311 38 12 606 14
Total Assets	136 870 28	53 047 24	<u> 189 917 52</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities	-		
Fund balances: Unreserved:			
Undesignated	136 870 28	53 047 24	<u> 189 917 52</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	136 870 28	53 047 24	189 917 52

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Year ended March 31, 2005

_	Major Street	Local Street	Total
Revenues:			
Property taxes	~	8 568 00	8 568 00
State revenue sharing	50 778 73	24 852 06	75 630 79
Interest	2 542 49	774 02	3 316 51
Total revenues	53 321 22	34 194 08	<u>87 515 30</u>
Expenditures - Public Works:			
Administration	420 00	420 00	840 00
Routine maintenance:		420 00	640 00
Wages	3 232 00	3 698 50	6 930 50
Supplies/maintenance	816 18	80 90	897 08
Contracted services	56 054 20	3 924 25	
Equipment rental	7 673 38	10 151 50	59 978 45
Traffic services:	. 0,000	10 131 30	17 824 88
Supplies	454 59	_	454.50
Winter maintenance:		_	454 59
Wages	2 412 00	2 650 00	5 062 00
Supplies	110 00	-	110 00
Contracted services	2 582 84	110 00	2 692 84
Equipment rental	7 356 53	4 833 71	12 190 24
Total expenditures	<u>81 111 72</u>	25 868 86	106 980 58
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			100 000 00
expenditures	(27 790 50)	8 325 22	(19 465 28)
Fund balances, April 1	164 660 70	44 ****	•
•	164 660 78	<u>44 722 02</u>	209 382 80
Fund Balances, March 31	136 870 28	53 047 24	<u> 189 917 52</u>

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MARK J. CAMPBELL, CPA KENNETH P. KUSTERER, CPA

512 N. LINCOLN AVE. - SUITE 100 P.O. BOX 686 BAY CITY, MICHIGAN 48707

TEL (989) 894-1040 FAX (989) 894-5494

AUDIT COMMUNICATION AND REPORT OF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

May 16, 2005

To the Village Council Village of Vanderbilt Otsego County, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Vanderbilt for the year ended March 31, 2005. As required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, the independent auditor is required to make several communications to the governing body having oversight responsibility for the audit. The purpose of this communication is to provide you with additional information regarding the scope and results of our audit that may assist you with your oversight responsibilities of the financial reporting process for which management is responsible.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY UNDER AUDITING STANDARDS GENERALLY ACCEPTED IN THE UNITED STATES

We conducted our audit of the financial statements of the Village of Vanderbilt in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. The following paragraph explains our responsibilities under those standards.

Management has the responsibility for adopting sound accounting policies, for maintaining an adequate and effective system of accounts, for the safeguarding of assets, and for devising an internal control structure that will, among other things, help assure the proper recording of transactions. The transactions that should be reflected in the accounts and in the financial statements are matters within the direct knowledge and control of management. Our knowledge of such transactions is limited to that acquired through our audit. Accordingly, the fairness of representations made through the financial statements is an implicit and integral part of management's accounts and records. However, our responsibility for the financial statements is confined to the expression of an opinion on them. The financial statements remain the responsibility of management.

The concept of materiality is inherent in the work of an independent auditor. An auditor places greater emphasis on those items that have, on a relative basis, more importance to the financial statements and greater possibilities of material error than those items of lesser importance or those in which the possibility of material error is remote.

For this purpose, materiality has been defined as "the magnitude of an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would have been changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement."

An independent auditor's objective in an audit is to obtain sufficient competent evidential matter to provide a reasonable basis for forming an opinion on the financial statements. In doing so, the auditor must work within economic limits; the opinion, to be economically useful, must be formed within a reasonable length of time and at reasonable cost. That is why an auditor's work is based on selected tests rather than an attempt to verify all transactions. Since evidence is examined on a test basis only, an audit provides only reasonable assurance, rather than absolute assurance, that financial statements are free of material misstatement. Thus, there is a risk that audited financial statements may contain undiscovered material errors or fraud. The existence of that risk is implicit in the phrase in the audit report, "in our opinion."

To the Village Council Village of Vanderbilt Otsego County, Michigan

In the audit process, we gain an understanding of the internal control structure of an entity for the purpose of assisting in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit testing. Our understanding is obtained by inquiry of management, testing transactions, and observation and review of documents and records. The amount of work done is not sufficient to provide a basis for an opinion on the adequacy of the internal control structure.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

Auditing standards call for us to inform you of other significant issues such as, but not limited to, 1) Accounting estimates that are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements or because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments; 2) Significant audit adjustments that may not have been detected except through the auditing procedures we performed; 3) Disagreements with management regarding the scope of the audit or application of accounting principles; 4) Consultation with other accountants; 5) Major issues discussed with management prior to retention; and 6) Difficulties encountered in performing the audit.

We have no significant issues, regarding these matters, to report to you at this time. Audit adjustments were minimal, and are available to review.

GASB 34 IMPLEMENTATION

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued a new reporting model for governmental units which was required to be implemented for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005. The implementation of this pronouncement for the Village of Vanderbilt began with the year ended March 31, 2005. The daily operations and recording transactions did not change significantly, however, the Village is required to maintain additional records for the year end adjustments to the final presentation format.

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATION REGARDING INTERNAL CONTROLS/ COMPLIANCE/ EFFICIENCY

Our procedures disclosed the following conditions that we would like to bring to your attention:

SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

A separation of duties between persons who authorize transactions and persons who have control over the related assets does not always exist.

The least desirable accounting system is one in which an employee is responsible for executing the transaction and then recording the transaction from its origin to its ultimate posting in the General Ledger. This increases the likelihood that intentional or unintentional errors will go undetected. In most cases, adequate segregation of duties substantially increases control over errors without duplication of effort.

We understand that due to the size of needed staff, a proper segregation of duties may be impractical and the "cost to benefit" relationship may not justify the addition of accounting staff to accomplish the desired segregation.

These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the audit tests to be applied in our audit of the Village's financial statements and this communication of these matters does not affect our report on the Village's financial statements, dated March 31, 2005.

To the Village Council Village of Vanderbilt Otsego County, Michigan

SUMMARY

We welcome any questions you may have regarding the foregoing comments and we would be happy to discuss any of these or other questions that you might have at your convenience.

Sincerely,

Chapbell, Kusterer & Co., P.C.

Certified Public Accountants